

Digital FM Radio With RDS Message Display, Stereo Indication, and Received Signal Strength.

Also Has Touch Screen Operation For Volume and Channel Seek

The TFT screen was from Amazon Elegoo EL-SM-004 R3 2.8 Inches TFT Touch Screen. It Goes on Top of an Arduino Mega Board, and has the following Connections (A2,A3 swap functions in code, hardware connection is the same):

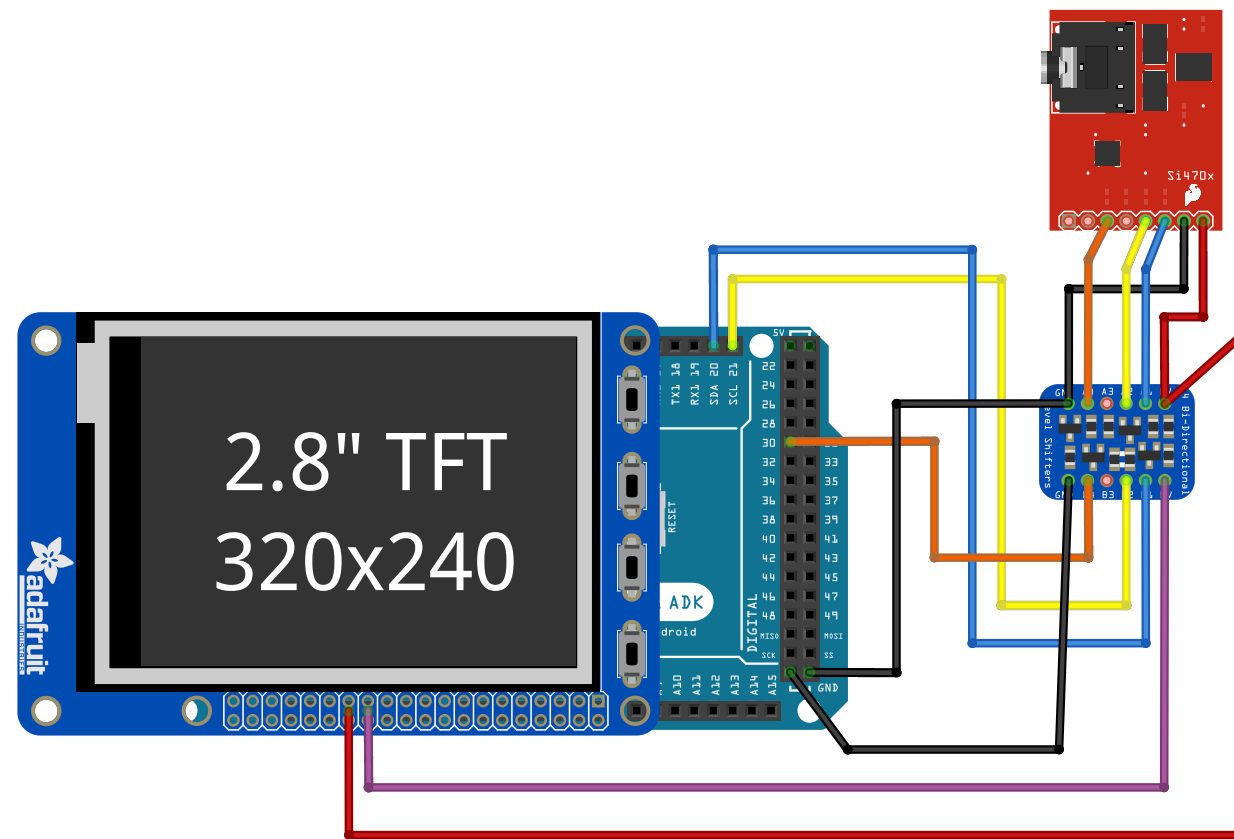
Display-
 LCD_CS A3 // Chip Select goes to Analog 3
 LCD_CD A2 // Command/Data goes to Analog 2
 LCD_WR A1 // LCD Write goes to Analog 1
 LCD_RD A0 // LCD Read goes to Analog 0
 LCD_RST // LCD Reset goes to Analog 4

Data Transfer-
 LCD D0 // Digital 8
 LCD D1 // Digital 9
 LCD D2 // Digital 2
 LCD D3 // Digital 3
 LCD D4 // Digital 4
 LCD D5 // Digital 5
 LCD D6 // Digital 6
 LCD D7 // Digital 7

Touch Screen-
 YP A3 // Analog 3
 XM A2 // Analog 2
 YM 9 // Digital 9
 XP 8 // Digital 8

Power-
 5 Volts
 3.3 Volts
 Gnd

Note - Some LCD Data Pins may not be used if utilizing the Adafruit Library to Drive the TFT Display.



Hiletgo Si4703 Board
 - Red Wire = 3.3V
 - Black Wire = Gnd
 - Orange Wire = Reset
 - Yellow Wire = SCLK
 - Blue Wire = SDIO

5 Volt to 3.3 Volt Logic Converter:
 Low Side is 3.3V I/O described above:
 High Side is 5 I/O described below:
 - Purple Wire = 5V
 - Black Wire = Gnd
 - Orange Wire = Digital (30)
 - Yellow Wire = SCL
 - Blue Wire = SDA

```

1  /*
2  This is a full function radio implementation that uses a TFT display to show the
3  current station information
4  and status It can be used with various chips after adjusting the radio object
5  definition.
6  You can also open the Serial console with 57600 baud to see current radio information
7  and change various settings.
8
9  Wiring:
10 -----
11 Arduino port | SI4703 signal | RDA5807M signal
12 :-----: | :-----: | :-----:
13 GND (black) | GND | GND
14 3.3V (red) | VCC | VCC
15 5V (red) | - | -
16 21 (yellow) | SCLK | SCLK
17 20 (blue) | SDIO | SDIO
18 30 | RST | -
19
20 Notes:
21 -----
22 1) The original library was modified to use an Arduino Mega (changed reset and SDA to
23 above
24 2) The TFT screen was from Amazon Elegoo EL-SM-004 R3 2.8 Inches TFT Touch Screen
25 3) A logic level converter (5V-3.3v) is required to interface Arduino Mega to Si4703
26 for (SCL,SCA,RST)
27 */
28 #include <Adafruit_GFX.h> // Core graphics library
29 #include <Adafruit_TFTLCD.h> // Hardware-specific library
30 #include <TouchScreen.h> // Touchscreen library
31 #include <Wire.h>
32 #include <radio.h>
33 #include <RDA5807M.h>
34 #include <SI4703.h>
35 #include <SI4705.h>
36 #include <TEA5767.h>
37 #include <RDSParser.h>
38
39 // The control pins for the LCD can be assigned to any digital or
40 // analog pins...but we'll use the analog pins as this allows us to
41 // double up the pins with the touch screen.
42 #define LCD_CS A3 // Chip Select goes to Analog 3
43 #define LCD_CD A2 // Command/Data goes to Analog 2
44 #define LCD_WR A1 // LCD Write goes to Analog 1
45 #define LCD_RD A0 // LCD Read goes to Analog 0
46 #define LCD_RESET A4 // Can alternately just connect to Arduino's reset pin
47
48 // Assign readable names to some common 16-bit color values:
49 // -----
50 #define BLACK 0x0000
51 #define BLUE 0x001F
52 #define RED 0xF800
53 #define GREEN 0x07E0
54 #define CYAN 0x07FF
55 #define MAGENTA 0xF81F
56 #define YELLOW 0xFFE0
57 #define WHITE 0xFFFF
58 #define NAVY 0x000F
59 #define DARKGREEN 0x03E0
60 #define DARKCYAN 0x03EF
61 #define MAROON 0x7800
62 #define PURPLE 0x780F
63 #define OLIVE 0x7BE0
64 #define LIGHTGREY 0xC618
65 #define DARKGREY 0x7BEF
66 #define ORANGE 0xFD20
67 #define GREENYELLOW 0xAFE5
68 #define PINK 0xF81F

```

```

65  /***** UI details */
66  #define BUTTON_X 70
67  #define BUTTON_Y 200
68  #define BUTTON_W 50
69  #define BUTTON_H 30
70  #define BUTTON_SPACING_X 50
71  #define BUTTON_SPACING_Y 50
72  #define BUTTON_TEXTSIZE 2
73
74  // Text box where the Radio Status Goes
75  #define TEXT_X 10
76  #define TEXT_Y 35 //50
77  #define TEXT_W 220
78  #define TEXT_H 105 // 90, 110 was last
79
80  #define YP A3 // must be an analog pin, use "An" notation!
81  #define XM A2 // must be an analog pin, use "An" notation!
82  #define YM 9 // can be a digital pin
83  #define XP 8 // can be a digital pin
84
85  //Touch Screen Min & Max Parameters For New ILI9341 TP
86  #define TS_MINX 120
87  #define TS_MAXX 900
88
89  #define TS_MINY 70
90  #define TS_MAXY 920
91
92  // #define BUT1 39 // Arduino Output-1 Pin
93  // #define BUT2 45 // Arduino Outout-2 Pin
94
95  // Define some stations available at your locations here:
96  // 89.40 MHz as 8940
97  RADIO_FREQ preset[] = {
98     9330,
99     9450,
100    9510,
101    9790,
102    10070
103 };
104
105 int i_sidx = 2; // < Start at Station with index = 2
106
107 // The radio object has to be defined by using the class corresponding to the used chip.
108 // by uncommenting the right radio object definition.
109
110 // RADIO radio; // Create an instance of a non functional radio.
111 // RDA5807M radio; // Create an instance of a RDA5807 chip radio
112 SI4703 radio; // Create an instance of a SI4703 chip radio.
113 // TEA5767 radio; // Create an instance of a TEA5767 chip radio.
114
115
116 // Get a RDS parser
117 // -----
118 RDSParser rds;
119
120 // State definition for this radio implementation.
121 enum RADIO_STATE {
122     STATE_PARSECOMMAND, // < waiting for a new command character.
123     STATE_PARSEINT, // < waiting for digits for the parameter.
124     STATE_EXEC, // < executing the command.
125     //STATE_FREQ,
126     STATE_RDS, // New, Roy added
127 };
128
129 RADIO_STATE state; // < The state variable is used for parsing input characters.
130 //RADIO_STATE rot_state; // Not needed, for an encoder
131
132 Adafruit_FTTLCD tft(LCD_CS, LCD_CD, LCD_WR, LCD_RD, LCD_RESET);
133 TouchScreen ts = TouchScreen(XP, YP, XM, YM, 300);

```

```

134
135 Adafruit_GFX_Button buttons[4];
136 /* create 4 buttons, in classic candybar phone style */
137 char buttonlabels[4][4] = {"UP", "DWN", "UP", "DWN"};
138 uint16_t buttoncolors[4] = {GREEN, RED, GREEN, RED};
139 int v = 0; // Global Initial Volume level
140 int newv = 0; // Global stored volume level
141 int fr; // Global Radio Frequency
142 int newrsi = 0; // Global RSSI stored value
143 bool newster = 0; // Global Stereo stored value
144 bool newrd = 0; // Global RDS stored value
145 char rdsServiceName[8+2]; // String with actual RDS Service Name
146 char rdsText[64+2]; // String with actual RDS Text
147 char rdsTime[6]; // String with actual RDS Time
148
149
150 // Setup Program Stuff:
151 // =====
152 void setup() {
153     Serial.begin(57600);
154     Serial.println("TFT Display Test...");
155     delay(500); // 0.5 second delay
156     //pinMode(BUT1, OUTPUT); // Set the pin as an output
157     //pinMode(BUT2, OUTPUT); // Set the pin as an output
158     //digitalWrite(BUT1, HIGH); // Turn off filterpump (negative logic)
159     //digitalWrite(BUT2, HIGH); // Turn off filterpump (negative logic)
160
161     // TFT Setup Stuff:
162     // -----
163     #ifdef USE_ADAFRUIT_SHIELD_PINOUT
164         Serial.println(F("Using Adafruit 2.8\" TFT Arduino Shield Pinout"));
165     #else
166         Serial.println(F("Using Adafruit 2.8\" TFT Breakout Board Pinout"));
167     #endif
168
169     tft.reset(); // Reset TFT Display
170     tft.begin(0x9341); // Start TFT Display
171     tft.setRotation(2); // Rotate screen 90 degrees
172     tft.fillRect(BLACK); // TFT background color
173     tft.setCursor(0, 0); // Initial position
174     tft.setTextColor(RED); // TFT Color
175     tft.setTextSize(2); // Fontsize
176     tft.println("Digital FM Radio"); //Text to Display
177     tft.println(); // Space
178     tft.println(); // Space
179     tft.setTextColor(GREEN); // TFT Color
180     tft.setTextSize(3); // Font size
181     tft.println("Si4703"); //Text to Display
182     tft.println(); // Space
183     tft.println(" RDS Display"); //Text to Display
184     tft.println(); // Space
185     tft.println(); // Space
186     tft.setTextColor(BLUE); // TFT Color
187     tft.setTextSize(2); // Fontsize
188     tft.println("By Roy H. Guerra Jr."); //Text to Display
189     tft.println(); // Space
190     tft.println(); // Space
191     delay(4000); // 4 second delay
192     tft.fillRect(BLACK); // Clear to a new screen
193     tft.setCursor(2, 5); // Start in home position
194     tft.setTextColor(WHITE);
195     tft.setTextSize(3);
196     tft.println("Digital Radio");
197
198     tft.drawRect(TEXT_X, TEXT_Y, TEXT_W, TEXT_H, WHITE); // create a blank 'text field'
199
200     tft.setCursor(50, 160); // Start in this position
201     tft.setTextColor(WHITE);
202     tft.setTextSize(2);

```

```

203 tft.println("Station Seek");
204 tft.setCursor(50, 240); // Start in this position
205 tft.setTextColor(WHITE);
206 tft.setTextSize(2);
207 tft.println("Radio Volume");
208
209 for (uint8_t row=0; row<2; row++) { // create display buttons
210     for (uint8_t col=0; col<2; col++) {
211         buttons[col + row*2].initButton(&tft, BUTTON_X+col*(BUTTON_W+BUTTON_SPACING_X),
212             BUTTON_Y+row*(BUTTON_H+BUTTON_SPACING_Y), // x, y, w, h, outline,
213                 fill, text
214                 BUTTON_W, BUTTON_H, WHITE, buttoncolors[col+row*2], WHITE,
215                 buttonlabels[col + row*2], BUTTON_TEXTSIZE);
216         buttons[col + row*2].drawButton();
217     }
218 }
219 // Radio Setup Stuff
220 // -----
221 radio.init(); // Initialize the Radio
222 radio.debugEnable(); // Enable information to the Serial port
223 radio.setBandFrequency(RADIO_BAND_FM, preset[i_sidx]); // Preset's.
224 //radio.setFrequency(979); // Initial Station
225 radio.setVolume(v); // Set to Initial Value "0"
226 radio.setMono(false); // Keep in Stereo Mode
227 radio.setMute(false); // Turn off Mute
228 Serial.write('>'); // Write command prompt
229 // radio.debugRegisters(); // Turn on to debug
230 state = STATE_PARSECOMMAND;
231 radio.attachReceiverRDS(RDS_process); // setup the information chain for RDS data.
232 rds.attachServiceNameCallback(DisplayServiceName); // Callback to the selected
233 function
234 rds.attachTimeCallback(DisplayTime); // Callback to the selected function
235 rds.attachTextCallback(DisplayText); // Callback to the selected function
236 runSerialCommand('?', 0);
237 v = radio.getVolume(); // Get Radio Volume
238 DisplayVolume(v); // Goto Volume Function
239 }
240
241 #define MINPRESSURE 10 // Set touch screen limits
242 #define MAXPRESSURE 1000
243
244 // Update the Frequency on the TFT display.
245 // -----
246 void DisplayFrequency(RADIO_FREQ f){
247     char s[12];
248     radio.formatFrequency(s, sizeof(s));
249     Serial.print("FREQ:"); Serial.println(s);
250     tft.setCursor(20, 42); // Start in this position
251     tft.fillRect(20, 42, 205, 15, BLACK); // This clears last position by turning the
252     line "black"
253     tft.setTextColor(YELLOW);
254     tft.setTextSize(2);
255     tft.println("Freq: " + String(s));
256 }
257 // Update the ServiceName text on the LCD display when in RDS mode.
258 // -----
259 void DisplayServiceName(char *name){
260     Serial.print("RDS:");
261     Serial.println(name);
262     //size_t len = strlen(name);
263     //lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
264     //lcd.print(name);
265     //while (len < 8) {
266     //    lcd.print(' ');
267     //    len++;
268     //}
269 }
270 // Update RDS Display Time:
271 // -----

```

```

269 void DisplayTime(uint8_t hour, uint8_t minute) {
270     Serial.print("RDS-Time:");
271     if (hour < 10) Serial.print('0');
272     Serial.print(hour);
273     Serial.print(':');
274     if (minute < 10) Serial.print('0');
275     Serial.print(minute);
276 }
277 // Display the Current Volume:
278 // -----
279 void DisplayVolume(int v){
280     Serial.print("VOL: "); Serial.println(v);
281     tft.setCursor(20, 62); // Start in this position
282     tft.fillRect(20, 62, 205, 15, BLACK); // This clears last position by turning the
        line "black"
283     tft.setTextColor(BLUE);
284     tft.setTextSize(2);
285     tft.println("Volume: " + String(v) + " of 15");
286 }
287 // Update the RDS Display Text:
288 // -----
289 void DisplayText(char *name){ // RDS Info that Scrolls
290     Serial.print("RDS:");
291     Serial.println(name);
292     tft.setTextWrap(false); // Do not allow text to wrap
293     String text = String(name); // RDS Callback Text as a string
294     const int width = 32; // width of the marquee display (in characters)
295     for (int offset = 0; offset < text.length(); offset++) { //Index the entire string
296         String t = ""; // Null
297         for (int i = 0; i < width; i++) // Condense string to width
298             //for (int i = 0; i < text.length(); i++)
299                 t += text.charAt((offset + i) % text.length()); // Print text from (Offset +
        Index)
300         tft.setCursor(28, 122); // Initial position (45)
301         tft.setTextColor(CYAN); // TFT Color
302         tft.setTextSize(1); // Fontsize
303         tft.print(t); // Print
304         delay(200); // Delay Scroll as to not move fast
305         tft.fillRect(20, 122, 205, 15, BLACK); // This clears last text
306     }
307 }
308 // Display the Audio Parameters:
309 // -----
310 void Radio_Param(int rsi, bool ster, bool rd){
311     if ((rsi != newrsi) || (ster != newster) || (rd != newrd)){
312         String a = " ";
313         String b = " ";
314         tft.setCursor(20, 82); // This is position
315         tft.fillRect(20, 82, 205, 15, BLACK); // This clears last position by turning the
        line "black"
316         tft.setTextColor(ORANGE);
317         tft.setTextSize(2);
318         tft.println("RSSI: " + String(rsi) + " dBuV");
319
320         if (ster == 1) {
321             a = "Stereo";
322         } else {
323             a = "Mono";
324         }
325         if (rd == 1) {
326             b = "Off";
327         } else {
328             b = "On";
329         }
330         tft.setCursor(20, 102); // This is text
331         tft.fillRect(20, 102, 205, 15, BLACK); // This clears last position by turning the
        line "black"
332         tft.setTextColor(PINK);
333         tft.setTextSize(2);

```

```

334     tft.println("RDS: " + b + "    " + a);
335
336     newrsi = rsi;
337     newster = ster;
338     newrd = rd;
339 }
340 }
341 // Display the Mono Switch:
342 // -----
343 void DisplayMono(uint8_t y){
344     Serial.print("MONO: "); Serial.println(y);
345     //lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
346     //lcd.print("MONO: "); lcd.print(y);
347 }
348 // Display the Soft Mute Switch:
349 // -----
350 void DisplaySoftMute(uint8_t z){
351     Serial.print("SMUTE: "); Serial.println(z);
352     //lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
353     //lcd.print("SMUTE: "); lcd.print(z);
354 }
355 // RDS Signal Information:
356 // -----
357 void RDS_process(uint16_t block1, uint16_t block2, uint16_t block3, uint16_t block4) {
358     rds.processData(block1, block2, block3, block4);
359 }
360 // Execute a command identified by a character and an optional number.
361 // See the "?" command for available commands.
362 // \param cmd The command character. \param value An optional parameter for the command.
363 // -----
364 void runSerialCommand(char cmd, int16_t value){
365     if (cmd == '?') {
366         Serial.println();
367         Serial.println("? Help");
368         Serial.println("+ increase volume");
369         Serial.println("- decrease volume");
370         Serial.println("> next preset");
371         Serial.println("< previous preset");
372         Serial.println(". scan up    : scan up to next sender");
373         Serial.println(", scan down ; scan down to next sender");
374         Serial.println("fnnnnn: direct frequency input");
375         Serial.println("i station status");
376         Serial.println("s mono/stereo mode");
377         Serial.println("b bass boost");
378         Serial.println("m mute/unmute");
379         Serial.println("u soft mute/unmute");
380     }
381     // ----- control the volume and audio output -----
382     else if (cmd == '+') {
383         // increase volume
384         int v = radio.getVolume();
385         if (v < 15) radio.setVolume(++v);
386     }
387     else if (cmd == '-') {
388         // decrease volume
389         int v = radio.getVolume();
390         if (v > 0) radio.setVolume(--v);
391     }
392     else if (cmd == 'm') {
393         // toggle mute mode
394         radio.setMute(! radio.getMute());
395     }
396     else if (cmd == 'u') {
397         // toggle soft mute mode
398         radio.setSoftMute(! radio.getSoftMute());
399     }
400     // toggle stereo mode
401     else if (cmd == 's') { radio.setMono(! radio.getMono()); }
402     // toggle bass boost

```

```

403     else if (cmd == 'b') { radio.setBassBoost(! radio.getBassBoost()); }
404     // ----- control the frequency -----
405     else if (cmd == '>') {
406         // next preset
407         if (i_sidx < (sizeof(preset) / sizeof(RADIO_FREQ))-1) {
408             i_sidx++; radio.setFrequency(preset[i_sidx]);
409         } // if
410     }
411     else if (cmd == '<') {
412         // previous preset
413         if (i_sidx > 0) {
414             i_sidx--;
415             radio.setFrequency(preset[i_sidx]);
416         } // if
417     }
418     else if (cmd == 'f') { radio.setFrequency(value); }
419     else if (cmd == '.') { radio.seekUp(false); }
420     else if (cmd == ':') { radio.seekUp(true); }
421     else if (cmd == ',') { radio.seekDown(false); }
422     else if (cmd == ';') { radio.seekDown(true); }
423     // not in help:
424     else if (cmd == '!') {
425         if (value == 0) radio.term();
426         if (value == 1) radio.init();
427     }
428     else if (cmd == 'i') {
429         char s[12];
430         radio.formatFrequency(s, sizeof(s));
431         Serial.print("Station:"); Serial.println(s);
432         Serial.print("Radio:"); radio.debugRadioInfo();
433         Serial.print("Audio:"); radio.debugAudioInfo();
434         //Serial.print("  RSSI: ");
435         //Serial.print(info.rssi);
436     //
437     //     for (uint8_t i = 0; i < info.rssi - 15; i+=2) { Serial.write('*'); } //
Empfangspegel ab 15. Zeichen
438     //     Serial.println();
439     } // info
440     // else if (cmd == 'n') { radio.debugScan(); }
441     else if (cmd == 'x') { radio.debugStatus(); }
442 }
443
444 // Main Program Stuff:
445 // =====
446 void loop() {
447     // Radio Stuff:
448     // -----
449     int newPos;
450     unsigned long now = millis();
451     static unsigned long nextFreqTime = 0;
452     static unsigned long nextRadioInfoTime = 0;
453     // some internal static values for parsing the input
454     static char command;
455     static int16_t value;
456     static RADIO_FREQ lastf = 0;
457     RADIO_FREQ f = 0;
458     char c;
459
460     if (v != newv){
461         v = radio.getVolume();
462         DisplayVolume(v); // Goto Function
463         newv = v;
464     }
465     // Serial Commands:
466     if (Serial.available() > 0) {
467         // read the next char from input.
468         c = Serial.peek();
469         if ((state == STATE_PARSECOMMAND) && (c < 0x20)) {
470             // ignore unprintable chars

```



```

471     Serial.read();
472 }
473 else if (state == STATE_PARSECOMMAND) {
474     // read a command.
475     command = Serial.read();
476     state = STATE_PARSEINT;
477 }
478 else if (state == STATE_PARSEINT) {
479     if ((c >= '0') && (c <= '9')) {
480         // build up the value.
481         c = Serial.read();
482         value = (value * 10) + (c - '0');
483     }
484     else {
485         // not a value -> execute
486         runSerialCommand(command, value);
487         command = ' ';
488         state = STATE_PARSECOMMAND;
489         value = 0;
490     }
491 }
492 }
493 radio.checkRDS(); // check for RDS data
494 // update the display from time to time
495 if (now > nextFreqTime) {
496     //DisplayText(char *name); // Goto Function
497     f = radio.getFrequency();
498     if (f != lastf) {
499         // don't display a Service Name while frequency is not stable.
500         //DisplayServiceName(" ");
501         DisplayFrequency(f);
502         lastf = f;
503     }
504     nextFreqTime = now + 400;
505 }
506 if (now > nextRadioInfoTime) {
507     RADIO_INFO info; // Read Structure tied to "info"
508     radio.getRadioInfo(&info); // Get parameters below
509     Radio_Param(info.rssi, info.stereo, info.rds); // Send to Function
510     //DisplayText(); // Goto Function
511     nextRadioInfoTime = now + 2000;
512 }
513
514
515 TSPoint p = ts.getPoint(); // Get X&Y values from touch screen, used for button
calibration
516 //Serial.println("Point is: ");
517 //Serial.print("X = "); Serial.print(p.x);
518 //Serial.print("/tY = "); Serial.print(p.y);
519 //Serial.print("\tPressure = "); Serial.println(p.z);
520
521 pinMode(XM, OUTPUT); // Set the pin as an output
522 pinMode(YP, OUTPUT); // Set the pin as an output
523
524 if (p.z > MINPRESSURE && p.z < MAXPRESSURE) { // scale from 0->1023 to tft.width
525     p.x = map(p.x, TS_MINX, TS_MAXX, tft.width(), 0);
526     p.y = (tft.height()-map(p.y, TS_MINY, TS_MAXY, tft.height(), 0));
527 }
528
529 for (uint8_t b=0; b<4; b++) { // Go thru all the buttons, checking if they were pressed
530     if (buttons[b].contains(p.x, p.y)) {
531         //Serial.print("Pressing: "); Serial.println(b);
532         buttons[b].press(true); // Tell the button it is pressed
533     } else {
534         buttons[b].press(false); // Tell the button it is NOT pressed
535     }
536 }
537
538 for (uint8_t b=0; b<4; b++) { // See if the buttons state has changed

```

```
539     if (buttons[b].justReleased()) {
540         //Serial.print("Released: "); Serial.println(b);
541         buttons[b].drawButton(); // draw normal
542     }
543
544     if (buttons[b].justPressed()) {
545         buttons[b].drawButton(true); // Draw invert so we can tell if button was
           pressed
546
547     switch (b) { // Perform actions when button is pressed
548     case 0: // Seek Up
549         radio.seekUp(true); // Set Logic
550         fr = radio.getFrequency(); // Get new frequency
551         DisplayFrequency(fr); // Goto frequency display function
552         break;
553     case 1: // Seek Down
554         radio.seekDown(true); // Set Logic
555         //radio.seekUp(false); // Set Logic
556         fr = radio.getFrequency(); // Get new frequency
557         DisplayFrequency(fr); // Goto frequency display function
558         break;
559     case 2: // Increase Volume
560         v = radio.getVolume();
561         if (v < 15) radio.setVolume(++v);
562         DisplayVolume(v); // Goto Function
563         break;
564     case 3: // Decrease Volume
565         v = radio.getVolume();
566         if (v > 0) radio.setVolume(--v);
567         DisplayVolume(v); // Goto Function
568         break;
569     default:
570         break;
571     }
572     delay(100); // button debounce
573     }
574 }
575 }
```